

NAME :

GROUP :

Your first car

Student Worksheet



CONTEXT

To make it easier to travel between home, CEGEP and your part-time job, you have decided to buy a used vehicle. Before driving your new car, there are points you need to check and steps to follow.

1. In your opinion, what are the steps to consider when buying a used vehicle?

VIDEO VIEWING

Now watch the [My First Car](#) video from the Office de la protection du consommateur, and then answer the following questions:

2. Use the bank of words made available to you to complete the following sentences. You can also refer to the [Purchased Automobile](#) section on the Office de la protection du consommateur website.

**rights, permit, compensate, security, individual, grandmother,
poor condition, warranty, false private vendors, commitments, merchant,
sum of money, caution, friend, classified ads**

A. You can buy your used car from a _____ or
an _____.

B. The merchant is required to hold a _____ from the Office
de la protection du consommateur.

C. To obtain a permit, the merchant must pay _____, that is, a _____ that can be used to _____ consumers should the merchant fail to abide by his or her _____, e.g. if the company closes its doors.

D. An individual can be a _____, your _____ or someone who is selling a car in the _____.

E. In classified ads, there are _____, who are actually merchants who conceal the commercial nature of their activities.

F. It is important to exercise _____, because if you buy one of their cars, you can be deprived of several of your _____, such as enforcing a _____. This is in fact one of the reasons merchants try to hide the true nature of their activities.

G. In addition, merchants often sell vehicles by concealing their _____.

3. Go to the Office de la protection du consommateur website and find at least four clues to identify a false private vendor.

In the video, it is strongly recommended that **prospective buyers check certain points before purchasing a used vehicle**. In addition to examining it during the daytime, taking it out for a test drive and having it inspected by a mechanic, it is recommended that they consult:

- The Office de la protection du consommateur;
- The Canadian Police Information Centre;
- The Société de l'assurance automobile du Québec;
- The Register of Personal and Movable Real Rights (RDPRM).

4. Connect each information resource with the information it contains, and then with the reasons why consulting them is recommended. Write the corresponding number in the correct place.

Information it contains

- 1) Whether or not the vehicle **has been paid in full**.
- 2) **Interventions with the merchant**; formal notices received from consumers; whether or not the merchant holds a valid permit.
- 3) Whether or not the automobile has been **reported stolen**.
- 4) Number of **previous owners, prior use** and **kilometrage** of the vehicle.

Why consult the resource?

- 5) To **avoid having the vehicle seized** or **having to reimburse the loan of a person** who failed to abide by his or her commitments and for whom the vehicle served as guarantee against debts.
- 6) To find out the **car's history** and make sure there are no irregularities.
- 7) To avoid the **inconveniences** the **vehicle seizure** may generate and losing one's money.
- 8) To **avoid doing business** with a merchant **that elicits the ire** of consumers.

A. Office de la protection du consommateur

Information it contains: _____

Why consult the resource: _____

B. Société de l'assurance automobile du Québec*

Information it contains: _____

Why consult the resource: _____

C. Canadian Police Information Centre

Information it contains: _____

Why consult the resource: _____

D. Register of Personal and Movable Real Rights (RDPRM)

Information it contains: _____

Why consult the resource: _____

*Some specialized businesses also offer this service online.

5. Using the fact sheet provided on pages 5 and 6, answer the following questions:

A. In which category are the two following vehicles and what is the length of the applicable warranty of fitness?

1. A 4.5-year-old automobile that has logged 82,000 kilometres

Category: _____

Length of warrant: _____

2. A one-year-old automobile that has logged 50,000 kilometres

Category: _____

Length of warrant: _____

B. William paid \$5,000 for his used car a month ago. This week, it had a few major problems and has become unusable. Mechanic's verdict: the entire transmission needs to be replaced and this is probably not a recent problem...

Despite a pre-purchase mechanical inspection, William was unaware of this vehicle's latent problem and now regrets his acquisition: «If I had known, I wouldn't have bought it, at least not at that price...»

Under which warranty can a claim be made in this situation? Justify your answer.

C. You now know that the law does not specify what is a reasonable lifetime for goods. Given that consumers and merchants do not always agree on this issue, they can turn to the courts for a ruling. What are the factors that must be taken into consideration when establishing a reasonable lifetime for an item?

D. What does the expression «abiding by the conditions of use of an item» mean? Illustrate your answer with an example.

E. List three synonyms of «manufacturer’s warranty.»

F. If you buy a car from an individual, are the warranties transferrable?

G. According to you, what is a recall on an automobile?

The **OFFICE DE LA PROTECTION DU CONSOMMATEUR** is a Québec government body that helps consumers make enlightened choices and informs them of their rights, their obligations and their recourse options in the event of any problem with a merchant. Among other things, the Office intervenes with merchants to ensure they abide by their obligations toward consumers.

To discover the Office:

 opc.gouv.qc.ca

 [officeprotectionconsommateur](https://www.instagram.com/officeprotectionconsommateur)

 [opc.quebec](https://www.tiktok.com/@opc.quebec)

Warranties provided by law

The vehicle you purchase is covered by warranties provided by law. These warranties apply automatically without charge.

They allow you to expect that the vehicle:

- will serve the purpose for which it was bought (use warranty);
- will have a reasonable lifetime, given the price paid, the contract, and the conditions of use (reasonable lifetime warranty);
- will not show hidden defects – that is, important defects that were present before the sale, that were not mentioned to you and that you could not have noticed, even if you were observant (warranty against hidden defects).

What is a reasonable lifetime?

The reasonable lifetime warranty provides that a vehicle must serve for normal use for a reasonable period of time.

However, the law does not specify, for example, that a vehicle must have a lifetime of 15 years. Why? Because several factors, such as the price paid, the contract, and the conditions of use, must be taken into account to determine the reasonable lifetime of a vehicle. Thus, a \$15,000 vehicle cannot be expected to last as long as another one with the same features, but that costs \$30,000.



*The texts of the fact sheet are taken from the website of the Office de la protection du consommateur (opc.gouv.qc.ca).

Warranty of fitness

The warranty of fitness only applies to used cars built in recent years. The length of the warranty is determined on the basis of the vehicle's market year and kilometrage, in accordance with the following table:

Categorie	Market Year and Kilometrage	Length of the Warranty
A	4 years or less and has logged fewer than 80,000 kilometres	6 months or 10,000 kilometres, whichever comes first
B	5 years or less and has logged fewer than 100,000 kilometres	3 months or 5,000 kilometres, whichever comes first
C	7 years or less and has logged fewer than 120,000 kilometres	One month or 1,700 kilometres, whichever comes first
D	More than 7 years or more than 120,000 km	No warranty of good working order

Note: A vehicle that is no longer covered by the warranty of fitness, due to its age or kilometrage, may still be covered by the legal warranties.

Manufacturer or merchant warranties

Vehicles purchased or leased from a merchant are often covered by a warranty provided free of charge. This warranty may be provided by the vehicle manufacturer, and as such is often referred to as the «manufacturer's warranty.» The merchant may also offer this type of warranty.

The details regarding items covered and the terms and conditions are most often described in a warranty guide provided to you at the time of the vehicle purchase.

Additional warranty coverage

The merchant can offer you a contract to purchase an additional warranty, which increases the length of the warranty provided free of charge by the merchant or manufacturer. The merchant must then inform you that you have 10 days to cancel this contract without any fees or penalties. This type of warranty is honoured either by the merchant that sold the vehicle to you or the vehicle's manufacturer.

In the event of a vehicle defect, the additional coverage provides for repairs, replacement or a refund.



What about the warranties of a used car purchased from a private vendor?

Warranties that are still valid can be transferred to you. The car may still be covered by:

- the manufacturer or dealer warranty;
- the extended warranty.

You do not need to prove that the car was properly maintained by its former owner to benefit from these warranties.

Transferring warranties

To transfer the warranties to your name, contact the dealer. Inform the dealer that you are the vehicle's new owner. Also remember to:

- request the owner's manual if it was not given to you;
- check whether there are any recalls or extended warranties on the vehicle.

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